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B.A./B.Sc. (Part-III)**Examination, 2022****MATHEMATICS****Second : Paper****BMG-302****(Complex Analysis)***Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 75*

Note : Attempt questions from **all** sections as per instructions.

Section-A**(Very Short Answer Type Questions)**

Note : Attempt **all** parts of this question.

 $1\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 15$

1. (a) Define analytic function with example.
- (b) State Cauchy- Riemann equation.
- (c) Define bilinear Transformation.

P.T.O.

(2)

- (d) Define conformal mapping .
- (e) Write down the Cauchy's fundamental Theorem.
- (f) State Morera's theorem.
- (g) Define analytic continuation.
- (h) Define removable singularity with example.
- (i) Find the residue of $f(z) = \frac{z^4}{(z^2 + a^2)}$ at $z = ai$
- (j) Define zeros of an analytic function.

Section-B**(Short Answer Type Questions)**

Note : Attempt **all** questions. $8 \times 5 = 40$

2. State and prove Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar form.

OR

Prove that $e^{-x} (x \cos y + y \sin y)$ is harmonic and find harmonic conjugate.

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6. Find the residue of $\frac{z^3}{(z-1)^4(z-2)(z-3)}$ at $z=1$ (4)

OR

State and prove Rouché's theorem.

Section-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note : Attempt any **two** questions. $10 \times 2 = 20$

7. If $u+v = \frac{2\sin 2x}{e^{2x} + e^{-2y} - 2\cos 2x}$ and $f(z) = u+iv$ is an analytic function of z , then find $f(z)$ in terms of z .
8. Find all bilinear transformation which transform the unit circle $|z| \leq 1$ into the unit circle $|w| \leq 1$. <https://www.vbspustudy.com>
9. State and prove Taylor's theorem.
10. State and prove Cauchy's residue theorem.
11. State and prove sufficient condition for $f(z)$ to be analytic.

3. If the Mapping $w = f(z)$ is conformal, then show that $f(z)$ is an analytic function of z . (3)

OR

State and prove Cauchy's Integral formula.

4. Find the bilinear transformation which transform the points $z = 2, i, -2$ into the points $w = 1, i, -1$ respectively.

OR

Prove that the Cross-ratio remains invariant under a bilinear transformation.

5. Find the kind of singularity of the following functions :

(a) $f(z) = \tan \frac{1}{z}$ at $z = 0$

(b) $f(z) = \frac{z}{1+z^4}$

OR

State and prove fundamental theorem of algebra.